tion of this smelter, together with the development of gold properties in the northwestern part of the province, has established Quebec as the second largest goldproducing province. The established producing mines, including Siscoe, Granada and Bussières, had their mills in continuous operation throughout the past year. During 1933 and 1934 extensive developments of new gold properties in the Rouyn district resulted in the commencement of milling at the Beattie, Cadillac-O'Brien, McWatters, Thompson-Cadillac, Sullivan Consolidated and Green-Stabell gold mines. Several prospects situated in Pascalis, Louvicourt, Senneville and Bourlamaque townships were active and reported encouraging results. The copper-gold mining and smelting operations of Noranda Mines were continuous and the Company commenced construction of a 500-ton cyanide plant.

Manitoba.—The presence of gold-bearing ores in Manitoba has been known for a decade or more and the gold production of this province is now mounting. The Central Manitoba, an auriferous-quartz property in the Beresford Lake area east of lake Winnipeg, has produced gold steadily for several years and the San Antonio in the Rice Lake field has had a mill operating since May, 1932. Milling operations were resumed in 1934 by Diana gold mines and important development work was carried out at the Gunnar, Forty-four, God's Lake, Smelter, Gabrielle, Hanson Manitoba, Island Lake, Wylie Dominion and Wallace Lake gold mines. The major part of the gold of the province, however, continues to be produced as a by-product from the Flin Flon smelter which treats copper-zinc ores.

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Year.	Nova Scotia.	Quebec.	Ontario.	Manitoba.	Saskat- chewan.	Alberta.	British Columbia.	Yukon.	Total.
	oz. fine.	oz. fine.	oz. fine.	oz. fine.	oz. fine,	oz. fine.	oz. fine.	oz. fine.	oz. fine.
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	7,781 4,385 2,174 2,904 6,636	613 642 701 1,292 1,099	2,062 86,523 219,801 268,264 406,577			10 73 - 48 195	$\begin{array}{r} 238,496\\ 251,815\\ 297,459\\ 252,730\\ 273,376\end{array}$	224,197 268,447 282,838 247,940 230,173	473,159 611,885 802,973 773,178 918,056
1916 1917 1918 1919 1920	4,562 2,210 1,176 850 690	$1,034 \\ 1,511 \\ 1,939 \\ 1,470 \\ 955$	492,481 423,261 411,976 505,739 564,995	440 1,926 724 781	1 1 1	82 	219,633 133,742 180,163 167,252 124,808	212,700 177,667 102,474 90,705 72,778	930,492 738,831 699,681 766,764 765,007
1921 1922 1923 1924 1925	439 1,042 655 1,047 1,626	635 	708,213 1,000,340 971,704 1,241,728 1,461,039	207 156 31 1,180 4,424		49 	150,792 207,370 200,140 245,719 219,227	65,994 54,456 60,144 34,825 47,817	926,329 1,263,364 1,233,341 1,525,382 1,735,735
1926 1927 1928 1929 1930	1,678 3,151 1,290 2,687 1,272	3,680 8,331 60,006 90,798 141,747	$1,497,215 \\1,627,050 \\1,578,434 \\1,622,267 \\1,736,012$	188 182 19,813 22,455 23,189		- 42 68 5 -	225,866 183,094 196,617 154,204 164,331	25,601 30,935 34,364 35,892 35,517	$1,754,228 \\1,852,785 \\1,890,592 \\1,928,308 \\2,102,068$
1931 1932 1933 1934 ¹	460 964 1,382 3,525	300,075 401,105 382,886 390,075	2,085,814 2,280,105 2,155,519 2,105,981	* 102,969 122,507 125,310 98,504	11 5,400 39,133	195 83 324 348	160,069 199,004 238,995 293,315	44,310 40,608 39,493 38,799	2,693,892 3,044,387 2,949,309 2,969,680

8.—Quantities of Gold Produced in Canada, by Provinces, calendar years 1911-34. Norg.—For the years 1862 to 1910, see Canada Year Book, 1916-17, pp. 268 and 269.

¹Preliminary figures.